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University Orthopedics ACL Protocol: A Criterion-Based Approach- Supplemental educational content and exercise demonstration videos available at https://universityorthopedics.com/therapy/videos.html. Hyperlinks included in document.

Phases and Criteria to Enter	Principles
Criteria to enter phase 1 of Early Stage Rehab 0-2 weeks	 Protect the Graft
 Administer Tampa Kinesiophobia Scale 	 Swelling Management
 Administer The ALC-RSI at beginning of phase 	 <u>Restore knee ROM and prevent stiffness</u>
 Physician Clearance 	 <u>Normalize gait</u>
 No red flags 	 Achieve and maintain quad activation
 Criteria to Discharge Brace 	 <u>Restore patella mobility</u>
 Full active knee extension 	 Minimize arthogenic muscle inhibition
 Able to maintain SLR for 10 repetitions without 	 Patient education to manage expectations
extensor lag	 Swelling Management
 Good quad control in stance 	
 Discontinue brace after first post-op visit pending 	
above criteria have been met	

 Criteria to enter Phase 2 of Early Stage Rehab 2-4 weeks Progressive decrease in Swelling AROM 0-90 degrees WBAT with crutches if needed for optimal gait Quad contraction with superior patella glide and full active extension Able to perform SLR without lag May need one crutch to promote normal mechanics 	 Protect the graft Swelling Management Maintain full extension Restore full flexion Normalize gait Minimize arthogenic muscle inhibition NMES suggested parameters: 10-15 secs on: 30-50 secs off Utilize Blood Flow Restriction training (BFR): Recommended Criteria and Parameters for BFR: Minimum 2 weeks post op, no red flags, can complete in conjunction with NMES (SLR, 90-45 degree extension). Utilize with low intensity CKC loading start with body weight, no greater than 30% 1RM. Literature suggests initial set of 30, then 3 sets of 15-30 repetitions. 30 second rest period. Aim for 75-90 reps directed at the quadriceps. Reps may be lower 40-50 if sets are taken to failure. Sets to failure are to be taken for muscle groups distal to cuff application. Should be used as a complementary treatment, continue until strength is equal between LE's. Encouraged to be carried into future stages as a supplement to treatment. Patient education to manage expectations
 Criteria to enter phase 1 of Mid Stage Rehab 4-10 weeks (strengthening/neuromuscular control) Administer Tampa Kinesiophobia Scale upon entrance and exit of phase No wave produced on a stroke test¹ At least 120 degrees knee flexion² Symmetrical knee extension³ 	 Low to moderate load OKC exercises 45-90 degrees, CKC exercise 12-20 RM, muscle endurance, hypertrophy through metabolic stimuli supplement with BFR and NMES Hamstring methods are dependent upon graft type, introduce hip dominant movements with greater loads, knee dominant with lighter loads Incorporate rotational control Closed chain strengthening on 12-20 RM

Full quadricens activation- no quadricens sag on a	Ontimize motor patterning of:
single leg raise through 10 repetitions ⁴	Squat https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=1/4/vplgwkG8
 Normal symmetrical independent gait pattern⁴ 	 Squat https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Du4-l2q3N80
Oundrisons strongth 60% or greater than	2 JE Hingo https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=CovNh1u.pl
Quadriceps strength 60% of greater than	 2 LL Hinge <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=CCXND10_pL1</u> 1 LE Hinge <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=UczXID10_pL1</u>
contralateral side (isometric test at 60 degrees of	I LE HINGE <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=i8qH9g/IDqM</u>
knee flexion) ³	C Lunge <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=izvPg60t61A</u>
	Step up <u>nttps://www.youtube.com/watch?v=izvPg6ot61A</u>
	• Carry <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=wpKBXAaex1s&t=38s</u>
	 Bed based progressive to weight bearing to weighted plantar
	flexion activities
	 <u>Non WB and WB muscle re-activation activities for gluteal</u>
	muscles
	 Low load core stabilization to re-activate local core muscles
	 Short to long lever activities for adductor strengthening
	 Restore hip flexor strength
	 Utilize manual therapy and muscle release techniques as
	needed
	 Continue with stretching for muscle flexibility
	 Restore static and dynamic balance in stance
	 Aerobic fitness activities focusing on continuous moderate
	intensity
	 Incorporate upper body strengthening outside of PT on
	recovery days when appropriate, non-weight bearing upper
	body strengthening
Criteria to enter Phase 2 of mid stage rehab 10-16 weeks	 Moderate load OKC and CKC exercises 50-90 degrees 8-12
Administer Tampa Kinesionhohia Scale unon	RM muscle hypertronhy through mechanical stimuli
entrance and exit of phase	supplement with BER and NMES
 Administer The ALC-RSL at end of phase 	Hamstring strengthening in isometric isotonic and isokinetic
 No pain and no effusion on a stroke test¹ 	knee and hin dominant exercises 8-12 RM
• Full know POM^2	Drogress anti-rotation control
	 Flogiess difficulation control elased shain strengthening on 9, 12 DM
 Quadriceps bilateral comparison 75%³ 	 closed chain strengthening on 8-12 KIVI

- Equal bilateral hamstring strength⁵
- Extensor flexor ratio of 70-75%⁵
- Limb symmetry index >70%⁵
- Subjective knee scoring (modified noyes system) 80 points or better⁵

criteria to begin jogging⁵

- IKDC score of 90
- CKRS score of 10
- 30 step and holds without loss of balance outside of the sagittal plane
- 10 consecutive single leg squats 0-60 degrees without loss of balance outside of the sagittal plane
- > or equal to 70% 1RM leg press involved/noninvolved
- Fast treadmill walking for 15 minutes with normal gait

Criteria to begin low level agility drills⁵

- IKDC score of 90
- CKRS score of 10
- 10 consecutive single leg squats 0-60 degrees without loss of balance outside of the sagittal plane while holding weight >75%
- > or equal to 80% 1RM leg press involved/noninvolved
- Normal running pattern on a treadmill
- Greater than 85% LSI hop tests Involved/non involved
- Cross over hop
- Triple hop
- 6 meter hop for time
- Single hop for distance

- Optimize motor patterning of:
 - Squat <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=LI4VnIgwkG8</u>
 - Split Squat <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Du4-l2q3N8Q</u>
 - 2 LE Hinge <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=CCxNb1u_pLI</u>
 - o 1 LE Hinge <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=I8qH9g7fDqM</u>
 - o Lunge https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=izVPg6ot6TA
 - Step up <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=izVPg6ot6TA</u>
 - o **Carry**<u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=wpKBXAaex1s&t=38s</u>
- Single leg plantar flexion activities with an emphasis on eccentric control
- Mix of WB and non WB exercises gluteal muscles
- <u>Progress core stabilization and Integrate into functional</u> <u>movements</u>
- Short to long lever activities for adductor strengthening
- Loaded hip flexor activities
- Shift away from manual therapy if appropriate to more selfsustaining strategies such as foam rolling and self-massage
- Continue with stretching for muscle flexibility, optimize mobility in hip, knee, and ankle for deceleration requirements
- Unilateral dynamic balance
- Bilateral to unilateral landing drills
- Aerobic fitness activities focusing on continuous moderate intensity and interval high intensity activities
- Incorporate upper body strengthening outside of PT on recovery days when appropriate, include weight bearing lifts

Criteria to enter Phase 1 of late stage rehab 16-22 weeks

- Administer Tampa Kinesiophobia Scale upon entrance and exit of phase
- Administer The ALC-RSI at end of phase
- No effusion produced on a stroke test¹
- Full knee ROM²
- Limb symmetry index >80% for flexors and extensors⁶
- Leg press strength at least 125% body mass for 8 reps or 1.5Xbody mass of predicted 1 rep max⁷
- Single leg bridge test greater than 20 reps and within 5 reps of each side with no cramping of the hamstring or adductor⁸
- Single leg calf raises greater than 20 reps within 5 repetitions versus other side⁹
- Single leg balance eyes open 43 seconds, eyes closed 9 seconds (normative data 18-39 years old)¹⁰
- Single leg squat test to at least 60 degrees of flexion for 10 reps with minimal trunk rotation, minimal pelvic motion, and no hip adduction or internal rotation¹¹
- 80% LSI on triple hop scoring⁵
- Good unilateral landing control and deceleration in frontal and sagittal plane^{13,14} no dynamic knee valgus, minimal trunk lean, and no pelvic drop
- Running assessment^{6,12}
- Qualitative- good frontal plane alignment (minimal dynamic knee valgus, lateral trunk lean, pelvic drop) good sagittal plane loading (optimal triple flexion angles, no knee avoidance

- Continue to restore muscle strength
- <u>Restore deceleration and landing capabilities</u>, consult PT prior to beginning and progressing
- <u>Pre-planned linear situations at different velocities focusing</u> <u>on deceleration mechanics</u>, consult PT prior to beginning and progressing
- High load machine-based strengthening 5RM
- Moderate load functional activities 8-12RM (squat, hinge, lunge)
- <u>Bilateral plyometrics</u>, consult PT for appropriate progression
- <u>Core stabilization</u>
- Off-feet cardiovascular fitness

 Quantitative- sufficiently normalized running gait 	
and ability to run for >10 minute for 5 miles per hour	
 subjective knee scoring modified Noyes greater than 	
or equal to 90 points or better ⁵	
 Criteria to Begin Jumping⁵ 	
IKDC score of 90	
CKRS score of 8	
 10 consecutive single leg squats 0-60 degrees 	
without loss of balance outside of the sagittal plane	
while holding weight >85%	
 > or equal to 85% 1 RM leg press involved/non- 	
involved	
 Normal running pattern on a treadmill and no 	
compensatory patterns on declaration agility drills	
 Greater than 85% LSI hop tests involved/non- 	
involved	
Cross over hop	
Triple hop	
6 meter hop for time	
Single hop for distance	
Criteria to enter Phase 2 of Late stage rehab 22-28 weeks	 Introduce multidirectional coordination
 Administer Tampa Kinesiophobia Scale upon 	Maximize strength
entrance and exit of phase	 Cultivate explosive strength and power
 Administer The ALC-RSI at end of phase 	 <u>Pre-planned multi directional situations at different velocities</u>
 Same as above, begin multi directional coordination 	focusing on acceleration and deceleration, consult PT prior to
with explosive pre-planned sport specific drills ^{13,14}	beginning and progressing
 Criteria to begin Cutting⁵ 	 High speed linear based running
IKDC score of 90	 High load machine based strengthening 5RM
CKRS score of 8	 Moderate load functional activities 8-12RM (squat, hinge,
	lunge)

 10 consecutive single leg squats 0-60 degrees without loss of balance outside of the sagittal plane while holding weight >90% > or equal to 90% 1 RM leg press involved/non- involved No genu valgus when loading into or landing from jumps and equal weight distribution when initiating and landing the jumps Greater than 90% LSI hop tests involved/non- involved Cross over hop Triple hop 6 meter hop for time Single hop for distance 	 <u>Bilateral plyometrics</u>, consult PT for appropriate progression <u>Core stabilization</u> Off-feet cardiovascular fitness
 Criteria to enter Phase 3 of Late Stage Rehab 28-34 weeks Administer Tampa Kinesiophobia Scale upon entrance and exit of phase Administer The ALC-RSI at end of phase No pain/swelling¹ Symmetrical ROM² Knee flexor and extensor Limb symmetry index >90 %¹² Triple hop test >90% Limb Symmetry index >90%^{15,16} Single leg press >2x body mass⁷ Rate of force development Limb symmetry index >80%¹² 	 Introduce re-active movement Speed and change of direction Maximize strength Cultivate explosive strength and power Pre-planned multi directional situations at different velocities focusing on acceleration and deceleration High speed pre planned multi directional running Lower body strength (6-8 RM) and power training (1-5 RM) Core stabilization Off-feet cardiovascular fitness
 Criteria to enter stage 4 of Late Stage rehab 34-40 weeks Administer Tampa Kinesiophobia Scale upon entrance and exit of phase Administer The ALC-RSI at end of phase 	 Introduce sport specific movement and sport skill retraining Speed and change of direction with sport specific drills Sport specific skills program Cultivate explosive strength and power

 Satisfactory Progression through stage 3 on field activity with reactive multidirectional movement¹² Optimal Physical conditioning¹² 	 Reactive situations at different velocities focusing on acceleration and deceleration High speed reactive multi directional running Lower body strength (6-8 RM) and power training (1-5 RM) Core stabilization Off-feet cardiovascular fitness
Criteria to enter stage 5 of late stage rehab 40-46 weeks	
 Administer Tampa Kinesiophobia Scale upon 	
entrance and exit of phase	 Sport simulation and game reconditioning
 Administer The ALC-RSI at end of phase 	 Speed and change of direction with sport specific drills
 Satisfactory progression though sport specific skill 	 Sport specific skills program
training and sport specific conditioning ¹²	 Cultivate explosive strength and power
	 Reactive situations at different velocities focusing on
	acceleration and deceleration
	 High speed reactive multi directional running
	 Lower body strength (6-8 RM) and power training (1-5 RM)
	Core stabilization
	 Off-feet cardiovascular fitness
Criteria to Return to Sport 46-52 weeks	
 Administer Tampa Kinesiophobia Scale upon antrance and exit of phase 	
Administer The ALC BSL et and of phase	
 Administer The ALC-RSI at end of phase Bhysician Bhysical Thorapict Athlatic Trainer 	
- Flysicial, Flysical merapist, Athletic Hamer, Strongth & Conditioning Coach and most importantly	
Athlete come to a mutual decision of clearance	
 IKDC score of 90 	
 CKRS score of 8 	
 Achieves greater than or equal to 90% of all strength 	
assessment	
 Displays a normal running gait that does not increase 	
pain	

•	Has practiced and displays no hesitation or compensatory strategies during change of direction activities in particular deceleration movements
	when activities are performed at 100% effort
•	Has practiced and has displayed normal loading and no genu valgus as well as soft athletic landings from all jumps and hops
•	10 consecutive single leg squats 0-60 degrees without loss of balance outside of the sagittal plane while holding weight >85%
•	Rate of force development Limb symmetry index >90% ¹²
•	Greater than 90% LSI hop tests involved/non- involved
-	Cross over hop
	Triple hop
	6 meter hop for time
•	Single hop for distance

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